Draft Phase I Municipal Stormwater NPDES Permit Errata Sheet

Ecology found three errors in the formal draft of the Phase I Municipal Stormwater Permit. Since it is a formal draft, Ecology cannot change these errors until it issues the final draft. This errata sheet is to clarify Ecology's original intent in the draft:

- 1) Page 38, (S8.a.2.b.x.) contains a typographical error. The list ends with item x. The word "and" and the end of the sentence must be moved to the end of item ix.
- 2) 44, S9. Reporting Requirements, paragraph A, line 19, the due date for the first annual report should be 2007, not 2008.
- 3) Ecology found an accidental omission in the Stormwater Management Program requirements for the Ports of Seattle and Tacoma. The program should include an Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination component that is consistent with the program for other secondary permittees. The revised program for the Ports of Seattle and Tacoma is shown below:
 - S6. D. Stormwater Management Program for the Port of Seattle and Port of Tacoma:
 - 1. Mapping and Documentation. The SWMP shall include an ongoing program for gathering, maintaining, and using adequate information to conduct planning, priority setting, and program evaluation activities for Port-owned properties.
 - Minimum Performance Measures. The following information will be gathered and retained:
 - a. Mapping of known municipal separate storm sewer outfalls, and maps depicting land use for property owned by the Port district, and all other properties served by municipal separate storm sewers known to and owned or operated by the Port. The mapping shall be completed within 2 years of receiving coverage under this permit.
 - b. Mapping of tributary conveyances, and the associated drainage areas of municipal separate storm sewer outfalls owned or operated by the Port, with a 24 inch nominal diameter or larger, or an equivalent cross-sectional area for nonpipe systems. The mapping will be completed within 2 years of receiving coverage under this permit.
 - c. To the extent consistent with national security laws and directives, each Port shall make available to Ecology, upon request, GIS data layers generated by the Port depicting outfall locations, land use, tributary conveyances and associated drainage areas of outfalls owned or operated by the Port district. The preferred format of submission will be an electronic format with fully described mapping standards. An example

- description is provided at http://www.ecy.wa.gov/services/gis/data/standards.htm where the preferred standards are described. Notification of updated GIS data layers shall be included in annual reports.
- d. No later than 2 years after receiving coverage under this permit, develop and implement a program to maintain operation and maintenance records for stormwater facilities covered under this permit. The information shall be available for inspection.
- e. Upon request, and to the extent consistent with national security laws and directives, mapping information and operation and maintenance records shall be provided to the City or County in which the Port is located.
- 2. Source Control in existing Developed Areas. The SWMP shall include a program to reduce pollutants in runoff from areas that discharge to municipal separate storm sewers owned or operated by the Port district, through the development and implementation of Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plans (SWPPs). The SWPPP is a documented plan to implement measures to identify, prevent, and control the contamination of discharges of stormwater to surface or ground water. SWPPPS shall be prepared and implemented for all Port-owned lands with potential pollutant-generating sources (see Appendix 3, for definition of pollutant-generating sources) that are not covered under the Industrial Stormwater General Permit, the Boatyard General Permit or an individual NPDES permit that covers stormwater discharges, and that could contribute pollutants to municipal separate storm sewers owned or operated by the Port.

Minimum Performance Measures

- a. SWPPs must be developed for applicable properties within 24 months of receiving coverage under this permit.
- b. The SWPPP shall include a facility assessment including a site plan, identification of pollutant sources and description of the drainage system.
- c. The SWPPP shall include a description of the BMPs determined to be appropriate under the 2005 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington (or its approved equivalent) to eliminate or reduce stormwater contamination. Implementation of non-structural BMPs shall begin immediately after the pollution prevention plan is developed. A schedule for implementation of structural BMPs shall be included in the SWPPP. Generic SWPPPs that can be applied at multiple sites may be used to comply with this requirement.
- d. The Port shall maintain a list of sites for which SWPPPs are required under this permit. At least 15% of the listed sites shall be inspected annually, and 80% of the total number of listed properties will be inspected by 180 days before the expiration date of the permit.

- e. The SWPPs shall include policies and procedures to reduce pollutants associated with the application of pesticides, herbicides and fertilizer.
- f. The SWPPs shall include measures to prevent, identify and respond to illicit discharges, including illicit connections, spills and improper disposal. Immediately upon becoming aware of a spill into the drainage system owned or operated by the Port, the Port shall notify the City or County it is located in, and notify Ecology.
- g. The SWPPs shall include a component related to inspection and maintenance of stormwater facilities and catchbasins that is consistent with the Port's Operation and Maintenance Program, as specified in S6.D.3, below.
- 3. Operation and Maintenance Program. The SWMP shall include an operation and maintenance program for all stormwater treatment and flow control facilities, and catchbasins to ensure that BMPs continue to function properly.

Minimum Performance Measures:

a. Each Port must prepare an operation and maintenance manual for all stormwater BMPs that are under the functional control of the Port District that discharge to its MS3s. The deadline for preparing the O&M manual is 2 years after receiving coverage under this permit. A copy of the manual shall be retained in the appropriate Port department. The operation and maintenance manual shall establish facility-specific maintenance standards that are as protective, or more protective than those specified in Chapter 4 of Volume V of the 2005 Stormwater Management Manual for Western Washington.

The facility-specific maintenance standards are intended to be conditions for determining if maintenance actions are required as identified through inspection. They are not a measure of the facilities required condition at all times between inspections. Exceeding the maintenance standards between inspections and/or maintenance does not automatically constitute a violation of these standards. However, based upon inspection observations, the inspection and maintenance schedules shall be adjusted to minimize the length of time that a facility is in a condition that requires a maintenance action. These standards are violated when an inspection identifies a required maintenance action related to facility function, and that action is not performed within 6 months for typical maintenance, within 9 months for re-vegetation, and within 2 years for maintenance that requires capital construction of less than \$25,000.

b. The Port will manage maintenance activities to inspect all stormwater BMPs listed in the O&M manual annually, and take appropriate maintenance action in accordance with the O&M manual. The Port may change the annual inspection to a lesser or greater frequency of inspection, as appropriate to comply with maintenance standards, based

- on maintenance records of double the length of time of the proposed inspection frequency.
- c. The Port shall provide appropriate training for Port maintenance staff.
- d. The Port will maintain records of inspections and maintenance activities.
- 4. Education Program. The SWMP shall include an education program aimed at tenants and Port employees. The goal of the education program is to reduce or eliminate behaviors and practices that cause or contribute to adverse stormwater impacts.

Minimum Performance Measure:

- a. No later than 18 months after receiving coverage under this permit, the Port shall make educational materials available to tenants and Port employees whose job duties could negatively impact stormwater.
- 5. Monitoring Program. The monitoring requirements for the Port of Seattle and Port of Tacoma are included in Special Condition S8.
- 6. Construction Site Stormwater Runoff Control
 The SWMP shall include a program to reduce pollutants in stormwater
 runoff to the MS3s owned or operated by the Port District from the Port
 District's construction activities that meet the thresholds in Appendix 1 of
 this permit.

Minimum performance measures:

- a. Comply with all relevant ordinances, rules, and regulations of the local jurisdiction(s) in which the Port is located that govern construction phase stormwater pollution prevention measures.
- b. Seek coverage under the General NPDES Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activities, when applicable.
- c. Provide training or coordinate with existing training efforts to educate relevant staff in erosion and sediment control BMPs and requirements, or hire trained contractors to perform the work.
- 7. Post-Construction Stormwater Management for New Development and Redevelopment
 - The SWMP shall include a program to address post-construction stormwater runoff to the MS3s owned or operated by the Port District from the Port District's new development and redevelopment projects that meet the thresholds in Appendix 1 of this permit. The program must establish controls to prevent or minimize water quality impacts.

Minimum performance measures:

- a. Comply with all relevant ordinances, rules and regulations of the local jurisdiction(s) in which the Port District's MS3 is located that govern post-construction stormwater pollution prevention measures, including proper operation and maintenance of the MS3.
- b. Provide for the post-construction stormwater controls in Appendix 1 to be included on all land-disturbing projects which exceed regulatory thresholds.

8. Illicit Discharge Detection and Elimination

Each Port shall:

- a. From the date of permit coverage, comply with all relevant ordinances, rules, and regulations of the local jurisdiction(s) in which the Secondary Permittee is located that govern non-stormwater discharges.
- b. Develop and adopt appropriate policies prohibiting illicit discharges and illegal dumping no later than one year from the date of permit coverage. Identify possible enforcement mechanisms no later than one year from the date of permit coverage; and, no later than eighteen months from the date of permit coverage, develop and implement an enforcement plan using these mechanisms to ensure compliance with illicit discharge policies. These policies shall address, at a minimum: illicit connections; non-stormwater discharges as defined below; and spilling, dumping, or otherwise improperly disposing of: hazardous materials, pet waste, and litter.
 - i. Non-stormwater discharges covered by another NPDES permit and discharges from emergency fire fighting activities are allowed in the MS4 in accordance with S2 Authorized Discharges.
 - ii. The policies do not need to prohibit the following categories of nonstormwater discharges:
 - Diverted stream flows;
 - Rising ground waters;
 - Uncontaminated ground water infiltration (as defined at 40 CFR 35.2005(20));
 - *Uncontaminated pumped ground water;*
 - Foundation drains;
 - *Air conditioning condensation;*
 - Irrigation water from agricultural sources that is commingled with urban stormwater;
 - Springs;
 - Water from crawl space pumps;
 - Footing drains; and
 - Flows from riparian habitats and wetlands.
 - iii. The policies shall prohibit the following categories of nonstormwater discharges unless the stated conditions are met:
 - Discharges from potable water sources, including water line flushing, hyperchlorinated water line flushing, fire hydrant system flushing, and pipeline hydrostatic test water. Planned discharges shall be de-chlorinated to a concentration of 0.1 ppm

- or less, pH-adjusted if necessary, and volumetrically and velocity controlled to prevent resuspension of sediments;
- Discharges from lawn watering and other landscape irrigation runoff. These discharges must be reduced through, at a minimum, public education activities and water conservation efforts conducted by the Secondary Permittee and/or the local jurisdiction.
- Dechlorinated swimming pool discharges. The discharges shall be dechlorinated to a concentration of 0.1 ppm or less, pH-adjusted if necessary, reoxygenated, and volumetrically and velocity controlled to prevent resuspension of sediments. Swimming pool cleaning wastewater and filter backwash shall not be discharged to the MS4.
- Street and sidewalk wash water, water used to control dust, and routine external building wash down that does not use detergents. The Secondary Permittee shall reduce these discharges through, at a minimum, public education activities and/or water conservation efforts conducted by the Secondary Permittee and/or the local jurisdiction. To avoid washing pollutants into the MS4, the Secondary Permittee shall minimize the amount of street wash and dust control water used. At active construction sites, street sweeping must be performed prior to washing the street.
- iv. The SWMP shall, at a minimum, address each category in iii above in accordance with the conditions stated therein.
- v. The SWMP must further address any category of discharges in ii or iii above if the discharge is identified as a significant source of pollutants to waters of the State.
- c. Conduct field inspections and visually inspect for illicit discharges at all known outfalls that discharge to surface waters. Visually inspect at least one third (on average) of all known outfalls each year beginning no later than two years from the date of permit coverage. Develop and implement procedures to identify and remove any illicit discharges. Keep records of inspections and follow-up activities.
- d. Within two years of receiving coverage under this permit, develop and implement a spill response plan that includes coordination with a qualified spill responder.
- e. Provide staff training or coordinate with existing training efforts to educate relevant staff on proper best management practices for preventing spills and illicit discharges. All relevant staff must be trained.